

HOUSE BILL No. 1815

DIGEST OF HB 1815 (Updated February 18, 2003 2:45 PM - DI 92)

Citations Affected: IC 6-2.5; IC 6-8.1; IC 6-9; noncode.

Synopsis: Streamlined sales tax. Adds or amends various sales tax definitions and exemptions in order to conform to the streamlined sales and use tax agreement. Establishes sourcing rules for determining the taxing situs of telecommunications services (other than mobile telecommunications services otherwise covered by current law). Amends references to carryout food in the food and beverage tax statutes to conform to the new sales tax definitions. Authorizes the department of state revenue to adopt emergency rules to implement this bill.

Effective: Upon passage; January 1, 2004.

Crawford, Welch, Espich

January 23, 2003, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means. February 18, 2003, amended, reported — Do Pass.





First Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2003)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2002 Regular or Special Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1815

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 6-2.5-1-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as
provided in subsection (b), "gross retail income" means the total gross
receipts, of any kind or character, received in a retail transaction
except including cash, credit, property, and services, for which
tangible personal property is sold, leased, or rented, valued in
money, whether received in money or otherwise, without any
deduction for:

- (1) the seller's cost of the property sold;
- (2) the cost of materials used, labor or service cost, interest, losses, all costs of transportation to the seller, all taxes imposed on the seller, and any other expense of the seller;
- (3) charges by the seller for any services necessary to complete the sale, other than delivery and installation charges;
- 16 (4) delivery charges;
- 17 **(5) installation charges; or**

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1	(6) the value of exempt personal property given to the
2	purchaser where taxable and exempt personal property have
3	been bundled together and sold by the seller as a single
4	product or piece of merchandise.
5	(b) "Gross retail income" does not include that part of the gross
6	receipts attributable to:
7	(1) the value of any tangible personal property received in a like
8	kind exchange in the retail transaction, if the value of the
9	property given in exchange is separately stated on the invoice,
10	bill of sale, or similar document given to the purchaser; or
11	(2) the receipts received in a retail transaction which constitute
12	interest, finance charges, or insurance premiums on either a
13	promissory note or an installment sales contract; (b)
14	(3) discounts, including cash, terms, or coupons that are not
15	reimbursed by a third party that are allowed by a seller and
16	taken by a purchaser on a sale;
17	(4) interest, financing, and carrying charges from credit
18	extended on the sale of personal property if the amount is
19	separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or similar
20	document given to the purchaser; or
21	(5) any taxes legally imposed directly on the consumer that
22	are separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or similar
23	document given to the purchaser.
24	(c) A public utility's or a power subsidiary's gross retail income
25	includes all gross retail income received by the public utility or power
26	subsidiary, including any minimum charge, flat charge, membership
27	fee, or any other form of charge or billing.
28	SECTION 2. IC 6-2.5-1-11 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
29	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
30	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 11. "Alcoholic beverages" means
31	beverages that are suitable for human consumption and contain
32	one-half of one percent (0.5%) or more of alcohol by volume.
33	SECTION 3. IC 6-2.5-1-12 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
34	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 12. "Candy" means a preparation of
36	sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial sweeteners in
37	combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts, or other ingredients or
38	flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. The term does not
39	include any preparation:
40	(1) containing flour; or
41	(2) requiring refrigeration.

SECTION 4. IC 6-2.5-1-13 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE



1	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 13. "Computer" means an electronic
3	device that accepts information in digital or similar form and
4	manipulates it for a result based on a sequence of instructions.
5	SECTION 5. IC 6-2.5-1-14 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
6	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 14. "Computer software" means a set of
8	coded instructions designed to cause a computer or automatic data
9	processing equipment to perform a task.
10	SECTION 6. IC 6-2.5-1-15 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
11	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 15. "Delivered electronically" means
13	delivered to the purchaser by means other than tangible storage
14	media.
15	SECTION 7. IC 6-2.5-1-16 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
16	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 16. "Dietary supplement" means any
18	product, other than tobacco, that:
19	(1) is intended to supplement the diet;
20	(2) contains one (1) or more of the following dietary
21	ingredients:
22	(A) a vitamin;
23	(B) a mineral;
24	(C) an herb or other botanical;
25	(D) an amino acid;
26	(E) a dietary substance for use by humans to supplement
27	the diet by increasing the total dietary intake; or
28	(F) a concentrate, a metabolite, a constituent, an extract, or
29	a combination of any ingredient described in this
30	subdivision;
31	(3) is intended for ingestion in tablet, capsule, powder, softgel,
32	gelcap, or liquid form, or, if not intended for ingestion in such
33	a form, is not represented as conventional food and is not
34	represented for use as a sole item of a meal or of the diet; and
35	(4) is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement,
36	identifiable by the "Supplemental Facts" box found on the
37	label and as required under 21 CFR 101.36.
38	SECTION 8. IC 6-2.5-1-17 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
39	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 17. "Drug" means a compound,
41	substance, or preparation and any component of a compound,



substance, or preparation that is:



1	(1) recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia,
2	official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or
3	official National Formulary, and supplement to any of them;
4	(2) intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,
5	treatment, or prevention of disease; or
6	(3) intended to affect the structure or any function of the
7	body.
8	The term does not include food and food ingredients, dietary
9	supplements, or alcoholic beverages.
10	SECTION 9. IC 6-2.5-1-18 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
11	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 18. "Durable medical equipment" means
13	equipment, including repair and replacement parts for the
14	equipment, that:
15	(1) can withstand repeated use;
16	(2) is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical
17	purpose;
18	(3) generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness
19	or injury; and
20	(4) is not worn in or on the body.
21	The term does not include mobility enhancing equipment.
22	SECTION 10. IC 6-2.5-1-19 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
23	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 19. "Electronic" means relating to
25	technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical,
26	electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.
27	SECTION 11. IC 6-2.5-1-20 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
28	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 20. "Food and food ingredients" means
30	substances, whether in liquid, concentrated, solid, frozen, dried, or
31	dehydrated form, that are sold for ingestion or chewing by humans
32	and that are consumed for their taste or nutritional value. The
33	term does not include alcoholic beverages, candy, dietary
34	supplements, or soft drinks.
35	SECTION 12. IC 6-2.5-1-21 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
36	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 21. (a) "Lease" or "rental" means any
38	transfer of possession or control of tangible personal property for
39	a fixed or indeterminate term for consideration and may include
40	future options to purchase or extend. "Lease" or "rental" does not

(1) a transfer of possession or control of property under a

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1	security agreement or deferred payment plan that requires
2	the transfer of title upon completion of the required
3	payments;
4	(2) a transfer or possession or control of property under an
5	agreement that requires the transfer of title upon completion
6	of required payments and payment of an option price does not
7	exceed the greater of one hundred dollars (\$100) or one
8	percent (1%) of the total required payments; or
9	(3) providing tangible personal property along with an
10	operator for a fixed or indeterminate period, if:
11	(A) the operator is necessary for the equipment to perform
12	as designed; and
13	(B) the operator does more than maintain, inspect, or set
14	up the tangible personal property.
15	(b) "Lease" or "rental" includes agreements covering motor
16	vehicles and trailers in which the amount of consideration may be
17	increased or decreased by reference to the amount realized upon
18	sale or disposition of the property as defined in 26 U.S.C.
19	7701(h)(1).
20	(c) The definition of "lease" or "rental" set forth in this section
21	applies throughout this article, regardless of whether a transaction
22	is characterized as a lease or rental under generally accepted
23	accounting principles, the Internal Revenue Code, the uniform
24	commercial code (IC 26-1), or other provisions of federal, state, or
25	local law.
26	(d) This section applies only to leases or rentals entered into
27	after June 30, 2003, and has no retroactive effect on leases or
28	rentals entered into before July 1, 2003.
29	SECTION 13. IC 6-2.5-1-22 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
30	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 22. "Mobility enhancing equipment"
32	means equipment, including repair and replacement parts for the
33	equipment, that:
34	(1) is primarily and customarily used to provide or increase
35	the ability to move from one (1) place to another and is
36	appropriate for use either in a home or a motor vehicle;
37	(2) is not generally used by persons with normal mobility; and
38	(3) does not include any motor vehicle or equipment on a
39	motor vehicle normally provided by a motor vehicle
40	manufacturer.
41	The term does not include durable medical equipment.
42	SECTION 14. IC 6-2.5-1-23 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE

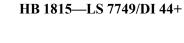


1	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 23. "Prescription" means an order, a
3	formula, or a recipe issued in any form of oral, written, electronic,
4	or other means of transmission by a licensed practitioner
5	authorized by Indiana law.
6	SECTION 15. IC 6-2.5-1-24 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
7	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 24. Subject to the following provisions,
9	"prewritten computer software" means computer software,
10	including prewritten upgrades, that is not designed and developed
11	by the author or other creator to the specifications of a specific
12	purchaser:
13	(1) The combining of two (2) or more prewritten computer
14	software programs or prewritten parts of the programs does
15	not cause the combination to be other than prewritten
16	computer software.
17	(2) Prewritten computer software includes software designed
18	and developed by the author or other creator to the
19	specifications of a specific purchaser when it is sold to a
20	person other than the purchaser.
21	(3) If a person modifies or enhances computer software of
22	which the person is not the author or creator, the person is
23	considered to be the author or creator only of the person's
24	modifications or enhancements.
25	(4) Prewritten computer software or a prewritten part of the
26	software that is modified or enhanced to any degree, where
27	the modification or enhancement is designed and developed to
28	the specifications of a specific purchaser, remains prewritten
29	computer software. However, where there is a reasonable,
30	separately stated charge or an invoice or other statement of
31	the price given to the purchaser for such a modification or
32	enhancement, the modification or enhancement is not
33	prewritten computer software.
34	SECTION 16. IC 6-2.5-1-25 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
35	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 25. "Prosthetic device" means a
37	replacement, corrective, or supportive device, including repair and
38	replacement parts for the device, worn on or in the body to:
39	(1) artificially replace a missing part of the body;
40	(2) prevent or correct physical deformity or malfunction; or

(3) support a weak or deformed part of the body.

SECTION 17. IC 6-2.5-1-26 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE

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1	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 26. "Soft drinks" means nonalcoholic
3	beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. The term
4	does not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy,
5	rice, or similar milk substitutes, or greater than fifty percent
6	(50%) of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.
7	SECTION 18. IC 6-2.5-1-27 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
8	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 27. "Tangible personal property" means
10	personal property that:
11	(1) can be seen, weighed, measured, felt, or touched; or
12	(2) is in any other manner perceptible to the senses.
13	The term includes electricity, water, gas, steam, and prewritten
14	computer software.
15	SECTION 19. IC 6-2.5-4-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 1. (a) A person is
17	a retail merchant making a retail transaction when he engages in selling
18	at retail.
19	(b) A person is engaged in selling at retail when, in the ordinary
20	course of his regularly conducted trade or business, he:
21	(1) acquires tangible personal property for the purpose of resale;
22	and
23	(2) transfers that property to another person for consideration.
24	(c) For purposes of determining what constitutes selling at retail, it
25	does not matter whether:
26	(1) the property is transferred in the same form as when it was
27	acquired;
28	(2) the property is transferred alone or in conjunction with other
29	property or services; or
30	(3) the property is transferred conditionally or otherwise.
31	(d) Notwithstanding subsection (b), a person is not selling at retail
32	if he is making a wholesale sale as described in section 2 of this
33	chapter.
34	(e) The gross retail income received from selling at retail is only
35	taxable under this article to the extent that the income represents:
36	(1) the price of the property transferred, without the rendition of
37	any service; and
38	(2) except as provided in subsection (g), any bona fide charges
39	which are made for preparation, fabrication, alteration,
40	modification, finishing, completion, delivery, or other service

performed in respect to the property transferred before its transfer and which are separately stated on the transferor's records.



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1	For purposes of subdivision (2), charges for delivery are charges by
2	the seller for preparation and delivery of the property to a location
3	designated by the purchaser of property, including but not limited
4	to transportation, shipping, postage, handling, crating, and
5	packing.
6	(f) Notwithstanding subsection (e):
7	(1) in the case of retail sales of gasoline (as defined in
8	IC 6-6-1.1-103) and special fuel (as defined in IC 6-6-2.5-22), the
9	gross retail income received from selling at retail is the total sales
10	price of the gasoline or special fuel minus the part of that price
11	attributable to tax imposed under IC 6-6-1.1, IC 6-6-2.5, or
12	Section 4041(a) or Section 4081 of the Internal Revenue Code;
13	and
14	(2) in the case of retail sales of cigarettes (as defined in
15	IC 6-7-1-2), the gross retail income received from selling at retail
16	is the total sales price of the cigarettes including the tax imposed
17	under IC 6-7-1.
18	(g) Gross retail income does not include income that represents
19	charges for serving or delivering food or beverages and food
20	ingredients furnished, prepared, or served for consumption at a
21	location, or on equipment, provided by the retail merchant. However,
22	the exclusion under this subsection only applies if the charges for the
23	serving or delivery are stated separately from the price of the food or
24	beverages and food ingredients when the purchaser pays the charges.
25	SECTION 20. IC 6-2.5-4-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 10. (a) A person,
27	other than a public utility, is a retail merchant making a retail
28	transaction when he rents or leases tangible personal property to
29	another person other than for subrent or sublease.
30	(b) A person is a retail merchant making a retail transaction when
31	the person sells any tangible personal property which has been rented
32	or leased in the regular course of the person's rental or leasing business.
33	(c) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a person is not a retail merchant
34	making a retail transaction when the person rents or leases motion
35	picture film, audio tape, or video tape to another person. However, this
36	exclusion only applies if:
37	(1) the person who pays to rent or lease the film charges
38	admission to those who view the film; or
39	(2) the person who pays to rent or lease the film or tape
40	broadcasts the film or tape for home viewing or listening.
41	SECTION 21. IC 6-2.5-5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
42	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 1. Transactions



1	involving animals, feed, seed, plants, fertilizer, insecticides, fungicides,
2	and other tangible personal property are exempt from the state gross
3	retail tax if:
4	(1) the person acquiring the property acquires it for his direct use
5	in the direct production of food and food ingredients or
6	commodities for sale or for further use in the production of food
7	and food ingredients or commodities for sale; and
8	(2) the person acquiring the property is occupationally engaged in
9	the production of food and food ingredients or commodities
10	which he sells for human or animal consumption or uses for
11	further food and food ingredient or commodity production.
12	SECTION 22. IC 6-2.5-5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2. (a)
14	Transactions involving agricultural machinery, tools, and equipment
15	are exempt from the state gross retail tax if the person acquiring that
16	property acquires it for his direct use in the direct production,
17	extraction, harvesting, or processing of agricultural commodities.
18	(b) Transactions involving agricultural machinery or equipment are
19	exempt from the state gross retail tax if:
20	(1) the person acquiring the property acquires it for use in
21	conjunction with the production of food and food ingredients or
22	commodities for sale;
23	(2) the person acquiring the property is occupationally engaged in
24	the production of food or commodities which he sells for human
25	or animal consumption or uses for further food and food
26	ingredients or commodity production; and
27	(3) the machinery or equipment is designed for use in gathering,
28	moving, or spreading animal waste.
29	SECTION 23. IC 6-2.5-5-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 18. (a) Sales of
31	durable medical equipment, prosthetic devices, artificial limbs,
32	orthopedic devices, dental prosthetic devices, eyeglasses, contact
33	lenses, and other medical equipment supplies and devices are exempt
34	from the state gross retail tax, if the sales are prescribed by a person
35	licensed to issue the prescription.
36	(b) Rentals of durable medical equipment and other medical
37	supplies and devices are exempt from the state gross retail tax, if the
38	rentals are prescribed by a person licensed to issue the prescription.
39	(c) Sales of hearing aids are exempt from the state gross retail tax

if the hearing aids are fitted or dispensed by a person licensed or

registered for that purpose. In addition, sales of hearing aid parts,

attachments, or accessories are exempt from the state gross retail tax.

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1	For purposes of this subsection, a hearing aid is a device which is worn
2	on the body and which is designed to aid, improve, or correct defective
3	human hearing.
4	(d) Sales of colostomy bags, ileostomy bags, and the medical
5	equipment, supplies, and devices used in conjunction with those bags
6	are exempt from the state gross retail tax.
7	(e) Sales of equipment and devices used to administer insulin are
8	exempt from the state gross retail tax.
9	SECTION 24. IC 6-2.5-5-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 19. (a) As used
11	in this section, "legend drug" has the meaning set forth in means a
12	drug as defined in IC 6-2.5-1-17 that is also a legend drug for
13	purposes of IC 16-18-2-199.
14	(b) As used in this section, "nonlegend drug" means a drug (as
15	defined in IC 16-18-2-101(a)) IC 6-2.5-1-17) that is not a legend drug.
16	(c) Sales of legend drugs and sales of nonlegend drugs are exempt
17	from the state gross retail tax if:
18	(1) a registered pharmacist makes the sale upon the prescription
19	of a practitioner who is licensed to prescribe, dispense, and
20	administer those drugs to human beings or animals in the course
21	of his professional practice; or
22	(2) the licensed practitioner makes the sales.
23	(d) Sales of a nonlegend drug are exempt from the state gross retail
24	tax, if:
25	(1) the nonlegend drug is dispensed upon an original prescription
26	or a drug order (as defined in IC 16-42-19-3); and
27	(2) the ultimate user of the drug is a person confined to a hospital
28	or health care facility.
29	(e) Sales of insulin, oxygen, blood, or blood plasma are exempt from
30	the state gross retail tax, if the purchaser purchases the insulin, oxygen,
31	blood, or plasma for medical purposes.
32	(f) Sales of drugs, insulin, oxygen, blood, and blood plasma are
33	exempt from the state gross retail tax if:
34	(1) the purchaser is a practitioner licensed to prescribe, dispense,
35	and administer drugs to human beings or animals; and
36	(2) the purchaser buys the items for:
37	(A) direct consumption in his practice; or
38	(B) resale to a patient that the practitioner is treating, in the
39	case of sales of legend or nonlegend drugs.
40	SECTION 25. IC 6-2.5-5-20 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
41	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 20. (a) Sales of
42	food and food ingredients for human consumption are exempt from



1	the state gross retail tax.
2	(b) For purposes of this section, the term "food and food
3	ingredients for human consumption" includes the following items if
4	sold without eating utensils provided by the seller:
5	(1) cereals and cereal products;
6	(2) milk and milk products, including ice cream;
7	(3) meat and meat products;
8	(4) fish and fish products;
9	(5) eggs and egg products;
10	(6) vegetables and vegetable products;
11	(7) fruit and fruit products, including fruit juices;
12	(8) sugar, sugar substitutes, and sugar products;
13	(9) coffee and coffee substitutes;
14	(10) tea, cocoa, and cocoa products;
15	(11) spices, condiments, extracts, and salt;
16	(12) oleomargarine; and
17	(13) natural spring water.
18	(1) Food sold by a seller whose proper primary NAICS
19	classification is manufacturing in sector 311, except subsector
20	3118 (bakeries).
21	(2) Food sold in an unheated state by weight or volume as a
22	single item.
23	(3) Bakery items, including bread, rolls, buns, biscuits, bagels,
24	croissants, pastries, donuts, danish, cakes, tortes, pies, tarts,
25	muffins, bars, cookies, and tortillas.
26	(c) Except as otherwise provided by subsection (b), for purposes
27	of this section, the term "food and food ingredients for human
28	consumption" does not include:
29	(1) candy; confectionery, and chewing gum;
30	(2) alcoholic beverages;
31	(3) eoektail mixes;
32	(4) (3) soft drinks; sodas, and other similar beverages;
33	(5) medicines, tonics, vitamins, and other dietary supplements;
34	(6) water (except natural spring water), mineral water, carbonated
35	water, and ice;
36	(7) pet food;
37	(8) food furnished, prepared, or served for consumption at a
38	location, or on equipment, provided by the retail merchant;
39	(9) meals served by a retail merchant off the merchant's premises;
40	(10) food sold by a retail merchant who ordinarily bags, wraps, or
41	packages the food for immediate consumption on or near the
12	merchant's premises including food sold on a "take out" or "to



1	go" basis; and
2	(11) (4) food sold through a vending machine; or by a street
3	vendor.
4	(5) food sold in a heated state or heated by the seller;
5	(6) two (2) or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the
6	seller for sale as a single item (other than food that is only cut,
7	repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs, fish, meat,
8	poultry, and foods containing these raw animal foods
9	requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by the
10	federal Food and Drug Administration in chapter 3, subpart
11	3-401.11 of its Food Code so as to prevent food borne
12	illnesses); or
13	(7) food sold with eating utensils provided by the seller,
14	including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins,
15	or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a plate does not
16	include a container or packaging used to transport the food).
17	SECTION 26. IC 6-2.5-5-21, AS AMENDED BY P.L.192-2002(ss),
18	SECTION 53, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 21. (a) For purposes of this section, "private
20	benefit or gain" does not include reasonable compensation paid to an
21	employee for work or services actually performed.
22	(b) Sales of food and food ingredients are exempt from the state
23	gross retail tax if:
24	(1) the seller meets the filing requirements under subsection (d)
25	and is any of the following:
26	(A) A fraternity, a sorority, or a student cooperative housing
27	organization that is connected with and under the supervision
28	of a college, a university, or any other educational institution
29	if no part of its income is used for the private benefit or gain
30	of any member, trustee, shareholder, employee, or associate.
31	(B) Any:
32	(i) institution;
33	(ii) trust;
34	(iii) group;
35	(iv) united fund;
36	(v) affiliated agency of a united fund;
37	(vi) nonprofit corporation;
38	(vii) cemetery association; or
39	(viii) organization;
40	that is organized and operated exclusively for religious,
41	charitable, scientific, literary, educational, or civic purposes if
42	no part of its income is used for the private benefit or gain of



1	any member, trustee, shareholder, employee, or associate.
2	(C) A group, an organization, or a nonprofit corporation that
3	is organized and operated for fraternal or social purposes, or
4	as a business league or association, and not for the private
5	benefit or gain of any member, trustee, shareholder, employee,
6	or associate.
7	(D) A:
8	(i) hospital licensed by the state department of health;
9	(ii) shared hospital services organization exempt from
10	federal income taxation by Section 501(c)(3) or 501(e) of
11	the Internal Revenue Code;
12	(iii) labor union;
13	(iv) church;
14	(v) monastery;
15	(vi) convent;
16	(vii) school that is a part of the Indiana public school
17	system;
18	(viii) parochial school regularly maintained by a recognized
19	religious denomination; or
20	(ix) trust created for the purpose of paying pensions to
21	members of a particular profession or business who created
22	the trust for the purpose of paying pensions to each other;
23	if the taxpayer is not organized or operated for private profit or
24	gain;
25	(2) the purchaser is a person confined to his home because of age,
26	sickness, or infirmity;
27	(3) the seller delivers the food and food ingredients to the
28	purchaser; and
29	(4) the delivery is prescribed as medically necessary by a
30	physician licensed to practice medicine in Indiana.
31	(c) Sales of food and food ingredients are exempt from the state
32	gross retail tax if the seller is an organization described in subsection
33	(b)(1), and the purchaser is a patient in a hospital operated by the
34	seller.
35	(d) To obtain the exemption provided by this section, a taxpayer
36	must file an application for exemption with the department:
37	(1) before January 1, 2003, under IC 6-2.1-3-19 (repealed); or
38	(2) not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the
39	taxpayer's formation.
40	In addition, the taxpayer must file an annual report with the department
41	on or before the fifteenth day of the fifth month following the close of
42	each taxable year. If a taxpayer fails to file the report, the department



1	shall notify the taxpayer of the failure. If within sixty (60) days after
2	receiving such notice the taxpayer does not provide the report, the
3	taxpayer's exemption shall be canceled. However, the department may
4	reinstate the taxpayer's exemption if the taxpayer shows by petition that
5	the failure was due to excusable neglect.
6	SECTION 27. IC 6-2.5-5-21.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 21.5. Sales of
8	food and food ingredients prescribed as medically necessary by a
9	physician licensed to practice medicine in Indiana are exempt from the
10	state gross retail tax if:
11	(1) a registered pharmacist makes the sale upon the prescription
12	of a practitioner who is licensed to practice medicine in Indiana;
13	or
14	(2) the licensed practitioner makes the sale of the food and food
15	ingredients described in this section.
16	SECTION 28. IC 6-2.5-5-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.192-2002(ss),
17	SECTION 54, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 22. (a) Sales of school meals are exempt
19	from the state gross retail tax if:
20	(1) the seller is a school containing students in any grade, one (1)
21	through twelve (12);
22	(2) the purchaser is one (1) of those students or a school
23	employee; and
24	(3) the school furnishes the food and food ingredients on its
25	premises.
26	(b) Sales of food and food ingredients by not-for-profit colleges or
27	universities are exempt from the state gross retail tax, if the purchaser
28	is a student at the college or university.
29	(c) Sales of meals after December 31, 1976, by a fraternity, sorority,
30	or student cooperative housing organization described in section
31	21(b)(1)(A) of this chapter are exempt from the state gross retail tax,
32	if the purchaser:
33	(1) is a member of the fraternity, sorority, or student cooperative
34	housing organization; and
35	(2) is enrolled in the college, university, or educational institution
36	with which the fraternity, sorority, or student cooperative housing
37	organization is connected and by which it is supervised.
38	SECTION 29. IC 6-2.5-5-35 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 35. Transactions
40	involving tangible personal property are exempt from the state gross
41	retail tax if:

42

(1) the:

1	(A) person acquires the property to facilitate the service or
2	consumption of food and food ingredients that is not
3	exempted from the state gross retail tax under section 20 of
4	this chapter; and
5	(B) property is:
6	(i) used, consumed, or removed in the service or
7	consumption of the food and food ingredients; and
8	(ii) made unusable for further food service or consumption
9	of food and food ingredients after the property's first use
10	for food service or consumption of food and food
11	ingredients; or
12	(2) the:
13	(A) person acquiring the property is engaged in the business
14	of renting or furnishing rooms, lodgings, or accommodations
15	in a commercial hotel, motel, inn, tourist camp, or tourist
16	cabin; and
17	(B) the property acquired is:
18	(i) used up, removed, or otherwise consumed during the
19	occupation of the rooms, lodgings, or accommodations by a
20	guest; or
21	(ii) rendered nonreusable by the property's first use by a
22	guest during the occupation of the rooms, lodgings, or
23	accommodations.
24	SECTION 30. IC 6-8.1-16 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
25	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
26	JANUARY 1, 2004]:
27	Chapter 16. Taxing Situs of Nonmobile Telecommunications
28	Service
29	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "air to ground radiotelephone
30	service" means a radio service, as that term is defined in 47 CFR
31	22.99, in which common carriers are authorized to offer and
32	provide radio telecommunications service for hire to subscribers
33	in aircraft.
34	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "call by call basis" means any
35	method of charging for telecommunications services by which the
36	price is measured by individual calls.
37	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "communications channel"
38	means a physical or virtual path of communications over which
39	signals are transmitted between or among customer channel
40	termination points.
41	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "customer" means the person or
42	entity that contracts with the seller of telecommunications services.



If the end user of telecommunications services is not the contracting party, the end user of the telecommunications service is the customer of the telecommunication service, but this sentence only applies for the purpose of sourcing sales of telecommunications services under this chapter. The term does not include a reseller of telecommunications service or for mobile telecommunications service of a serving carrier under an agreement to serve the customer outside the home service provider's licensed service area.

Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "customer channel termination point" means the location where the customer either inputs or receives the communications.

Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "end user" means the person who uses the telecommunications service. In the case of an entity, "end user" means the individual who uses the service on behalf of the entity.

Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "home service provider" means the facilities based carrier or reseller with which the customer contracts for the provision of mobile telecommunications service.

Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "mobile telecommunications service" means commercial mobile radio service, as defined in 47 CFR 20.3 as in effect on June 1, 1999.

Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "place of primary use" means the street address representative of where the customer's use of the telecommunications service primarily occurs, which must be the residential street address or the primary business street address of the customer. In the case of mobile telecommunications services, "place of primary use" must be within the licensed service area of the home service provider.

Sec. 10. As used in this chapter, "post paid calling service" means the telecommunications service obtained by making a payment on a call by call basis either through the use of a credit card or payment mechanism such as a bank card, travel card, credit card, or debit card, or by charge made to a telephone number that is not associated with the origination or termination of the telecommunications service. A post paid calling service includes a telecommunications service that would be a prepaid calling service except it is not exclusively a telecommunications service.

Sec. 11. As used in this chapter, "prepaid calling service" means the right to access exclusively telecommunications services, which must be paid for in advance and which enables the origination of C o p





1	calls using an access number or authorization code, whether
2	manually or electronically dialed, and that is sold in predetermined
3	units or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known
4	amount.
5	Sec. 12. As used in this chapter, "private communication
6	service" means a telecommunications service that entitles the
7	customer to exclusive or priority use of a communications channel
8	or group of channels between or among termination points,
9	regardless of the manner in which such channel or channels are
10	connected, and includes switching capacity, extension lines,
11	stations, and any other associated services that are provided in
12	connection with the use of such channel or channels.
13	Sec. 13. As used in this chapter, "service address" means the
14	following:
15	(1) The location of the telecommunications equipment to
16	which a customer's call is charged and from which the call
17	originates or terminates, regardless of where the call is billed
18	or paid.
19	(2) If the location described in subdivision (1) is not known,
20	the origination point of the signal of the telecommunications
21	services first identified by either the seller's
22	telecommunications system or in information received by the
23	seller from its service provider, where the system used to
24	transport such signals is not that of the seller.
25	(3) If neither of the locations described in subdivision (1) or
26	(2) is known, the location of the customer's place of primary
27	use.
28	Sec. 14. Except for the telecommunications services listed in
29	section 16 of this chapter, the sale of telecommunications service
30	sold on a call by call basis shall be sourced to:
31	(1) each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call originates
32	and terminates in that jurisdiction; or
33	(2) each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call either
34	originates or terminates and in which the service address is
35	also located.
36	Sec. 15. Except for the telecommunications services listed in
37	section 16 of this chapter, a sale of telecommunications services
38	sold on a basis other than a call by call basis is sourced to the
39	customer's place of primary use.
40	Sec. 16. The sale of the following telecommunications services
41	shall be sourced to each level of taxing jurisdiction as follows:

(1) A sale of mobile telecommunications services, other than



1	air to ground radiotelephone service and prepaid calling
2	service, is sourced to the customer's place of primary use as
3	required by the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act and
4	IC 6-8.1-15.
5	(2) A sale of post paid calling service is sourced to the
6	origination point of the telecommunications signal as first
7	identified by either:
8	(A) the seller's telecommunications system; or
9	(B) information received by the seller from its service
10	provider, where the system used to transport such signals
11	is not that of the seller.
12	(3) A sale of prepaid calling service is sourced in the following
13	manner:
14	(A) When the service is received by the purchaser at a
15	business location of the seller, the sale is sourced to that
16	business location.
17	(B) When the service is not received by the purchaser at a
18	business location of the seller, the sale is sourced to the
19	location where receipt by the purchaser (or the
20	purchaser's donee, designated as such by the purchaser)
21	occurs, including the location indicated by instructions for
22	delivery to the purchaser (or donee), known to the seller.
23	(C) When clauses (A) and (B) do not apply, the sale is
24	sourced to the location indicated by an address for the
25	purchaser that is available from the business records of the
26	seller that are maintained in the ordinary course of the
27	seller's business when use of this address does not
28	constitute bad faith.
29	(D) When clauses (A) through (C) do not apply, the sale is
30	sourced to the location indicated by an address for the
31	purchaser obtained during the consummation of the sale,
32	including the address of a purchaser's payment
33	instrument, if no other address is available, when use of
34	this address does not constitute bad faith.
35	(E) When clauses (A) through (D) do not apply, including
36	the circumstance in which the seller is without sufficient
37	information to apply the previous clauses, the location will
38	be determined by either:
39	(i) the address from which tangible personal property
40	was shipped, from which any digital good or computer
41	software delivered electronically was first available for
42	transmission by the seller, or from which the service was



1	provided (disregarding for these purposes any location
2	that merely provided the digital transfer of the product
3	sold); or
4	(ii) in the case of a sale of mobile telecommunications
5	service that is a prepaid telecommunications service, the
6	location associated with the mobile telephone number.
7	(4) A sale of a private communications service is sourced as
8	follows:
9	(A) Service for a separate charge related to a customer
10	channel termination point is sourced to each level of
11	jurisdiction in which such customer channel termination
12	point is located.
13	(B) Service where all customer termination points are
14	located entirely within one (1) jurisdiction or level of
15	jurisdiction is sourced in such jurisdiction in which the
16	customer channel termination points are located.
17	(C) Service for segments of a channel between two (2)
18	customer channel termination points located in different
19	jurisdictions and which segments of channel are separately
20	charged is sourced fifty percent (50%) in each level of
21	jurisdiction in which the customer channel termination
22	points are located.
23	(D) Service for segments of a channel located in more than
24	one (1) jurisdiction or level of jurisdiction and which
25	segments are not separately billed is sourced in each
26	jurisdiction based on the percentage determined by
27	dividing the number of customer channel termination
28	points in such jurisdiction by the total number of customer
29	channel termination points.
30	SECTION 31. IC 6-9-12-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. (a) Subject to
32	section 4 of this chapter, the tax imposed under this chapter applies to
33	any transaction in which food or beverage is furnished, prepared, or
34	served:
35	(1) for consumption at a location, or on equipment, provided by
36	a retail merchant;
37	(2) in a county in which a consolidated first class city is located;
38	and
39	(3) by a retail merchant for a consideration.
40	(b) Transactions described in subsection (a)(1) include, but are not
41	limited to transactions in which food or beverage is:

(1) served by a retail merchant off his premises;

1	(2) sold by a retail merchant who ordinarily bags, wraps, or
2	packages the food or beverage for immediate consumption on or
3	near the retail merchant's premises, including food or beverage
4	sold on a "take out" or "to go" basis; or
5	(3) sold by a street vendor.
6	(2) food sold in a heated state or heated by a retail merchant;
7	(3) two (2) or more food ingredients mixed or combined by a
8	retail merchant for sale as a single item (other than food that
9	is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs,
10	fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal
11	foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by
12	the federal Food and Drug Administration in chapter 3,
13	subpart 3-401.11 of its Food Code so as to prevent food borne
14	illnesses); or
15	(4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail
16	merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses,
17	cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a
18	plate does not include a container or packaging used to
19	transport the food).
20	SECTION 32. IC 6-9-20-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
21	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as
22	provided in subsection (c), a tax imposed under section 3 of this
23	chapter applies to any transaction in which food or beverage is
24	furnished, prepared, or served:
25	(1) for consumption at a location, or on equipment, provided by
26	a retail merchant;
27	(2) in the county in which the tax is imposed; and
28	(3) by a retail merchant for consideration.
29	(b) Transactions described in subsection (a)(1) include, but are not
30	limited to, transactions in which food or beverage is:
31	(1) served by a retail merchant off the merchant's premises;
32	(2) sold by a retail merchant who ordinarily bags, wraps, or
33	packages the food or beverage for immediate consumption on or
34	near the retail merchant's premises, including food or beverage
35	sold on a "take out" or "to go" basis; or
36	(3) sold by a street vendor.
37	(2) food sold in a heated state or heated by a retail merchant;
38	(3) two (2) or more food ingredients mixed or combined by a
39	retail merchant for sale as a single item (other than food that
40	is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs,
41	fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal

foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by



1	the federal Food and Drug Administration in chapter 3,
2	subpart 3-401.11 of its Food Code so as to prevent food borne
3	illnesses); or
4	(4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail
5	merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses,
6	cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a
7	plate does not include a container or packaging used to
8	transport the food).
9	(c) The county food and beverage tax does not apply to the
10	furnishing, preparing, or serving of any food or beverage in a
11	transaction that is exempt, or to the extent exempt, from the state gross
12	retail tax imposed by IC 6-2.5.
13	SECTION 33. IC 6-9-21-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as
15	provided in subsection (c), a tax imposed under section 3 of this
16	chapter applies to any transaction in which food or beverage is
17	furnished, prepared, or served:
18	(1) for consumption at a location, or on equipment, provided by
19	a retail merchant;
20	(2) in the county in which the tax is imposed; and
21	(3) by a retail merchant for consideration.
22	(b) Transactions described in subsection (a)(1) include transactions
23	in which food or beverage is:
24	(1) served by a retail merchant off the merchant's premises;
25	(2) sold by a retail merchant who ordinarily bags, wraps, or
26	packages the food or beverage for immediate consumption on or
27	near the retail merchant's premises, including food or beverage
28	sold on a "take out" or "to go" basis; or
29	(3) sold by a street vendor.
30	(2) food sold in a heated state or heated by a retail merchant;
31	(3) two (2) or more food ingredients mixed or combined by a
32	retail merchant for sale as a single item (other than food that
33	is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs,
34	fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal
35	foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by
36	the federal Food and Drug Administration in chapter 3,
37	subpart 3-401.11 of its Food Code so as to prevent food borne
38	illnesses); or
39	(4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail
40	merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses,
41	cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a

plate does not include a container or packaging used to



1	transport the food).
2	(c) The county food and beverage tax does not apply to the
3	furnishing, preparing, or serving of any food or beverage in a
4	transaction that is exempt, or to the extent exempt, from the state gross
5	retail tax imposed by IC 6-2.5.
6	SECTION 34. IC 6-9-23-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as
8	provided in subsection (c), a tax imposed under section 3 of this
9	chapter applies to any transaction in which food or beverage is
10	furnished, prepared, or served:
11	(1) for consumption at a location, or on equipment, provided by
12	a retail merchant;
13	(2) in the county in which the tax is imposed; and
14	(3) by a retail merchant for consideration.
15	(b) Transactions described in subsection (a)(1) include transactions
16	in which food or beverage is:
17	(1) served by a retail merchant off the merchant's premises;
18	(2) sold by a retail merchant who ordinarily bags, wraps, or
19	packages the food or beverage for immediate consumption on or
20	near the retail merchant's premises, including food or beverage
21	sold on a "take out" or "to go" basis; or
22	(3) sold by a street vendor.
23	(2) food sold in a heated state or heated by a retail merchant;
24	(3) two (2) or more food ingredients mixed or combined by a
25	retail merchant for sale as a single item (other than food that
26	is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs,
27	fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal
28	foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by
29	the federal Food and Drug Administration in chapter 3,
30	subpart 3-401.11 of its Food Code so as to prevent food borne
31	illnesses); or
32	(4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail
33	merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses,
34	cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a
35	plate does not include a container or packaging used to
36	transport the food).
37	(c) The county food and beverage tax does not apply to the
38	furnishing, preparing, or serving of any food or beverage in a
39	transaction that is exempt, or to the extent exempt, from the state gross
40	retail tax imposed by IC 6-2.5.
41	SECTION 35. IC 6-9-24-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS

FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as



1	provided in subsection (c), a tax imposed under section 3 of this
2	chapter applies to any transaction in which food or beverage is
3	furnished, prepared, or served:
4	(1) for consumption at a location, or on equipment, provided by
5	a retail merchant;
6	(2) in the municipality in which the tax is imposed; and
7	(3) by a retail merchant for consideration.
8	(b) Transactions described in subsection (a)(1) include transactions
9	in which food or beverage is:
10	(1) served by a retail merchant off the merchant's premises;
11	(2) sold by a retail merchant who ordinarily bags, wraps, or
12	packages the food or beverage for immediate consumption on or
13	near the retail merchant's premises, including food or beverage
14	sold on a "take out" or "to go" basis; or
15	(3) sold by a street vendor.
16	(2) food sold in a heated state or heated by a retail merchant;
17	(3) two (2) or more food ingredients mixed or combined by a
18	retail merchant for sale as a single item (other than food that
19	is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs,
20	fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal
21	foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by
22	the federal Food and Drug Administration in chapter 3,
23	subpart 3-401.11 of its Food Code so as to prevent food borne
24	illnesses); or
	,,
25	(4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail
25 26	
	(4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail
26	(4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses,
26 27	(4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a
26 27 28	(4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a plate does not include a container or packaging used to
26 27 28 29	(4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a plate does not include a container or packaging used to transport the food).
26 27 28 29 30	(4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a plate does not include a container or packaging used to transport the food).(c) The municipal food and beverage tax does not apply to the
26 27 28 29 30 31	 (4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a plate does not include a container or packaging used to transport the food). (c) The municipal food and beverage tax does not apply to the furnishing, preparing, or serving of any food or beverage in a
26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 (4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a plate does not include a container or packaging used to transport the food). (c) The municipal food and beverage tax does not apply to the furnishing, preparing, or serving of any food or beverage in a transaction that is exempt, or to the extent exempt, from the state gross
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 (4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a plate does not include a container or packaging used to transport the food). (c) The municipal food and beverage tax does not apply to the furnishing, preparing, or serving of any food or beverage in a transaction that is exempt, or to the extent exempt, from the state gross retail tax imposed by IC 6-2.5.
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	 (4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a plate does not include a container or packaging used to transport the food). (c) The municipal food and beverage tax does not apply to the furnishing, preparing, or serving of any food or beverage in a transaction that is exempt, or to the extent exempt, from the state gross retail tax imposed by IC 6-2.5. SECTION 36. IC 6-9-25-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 (4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a plate does not include a container or packaging used to transport the food). (c) The municipal food and beverage tax does not apply to the furnishing, preparing, or serving of any food or beverage in a transaction that is exempt, or to the extent exempt, from the state gross retail tax imposed by IC 6-2.5. SECTION 36. IC 6-9-25-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	 (4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a plate does not include a container or packaging used to transport the food). (c) The municipal food and beverage tax does not apply to the furnishing, preparing, or serving of any food or beverage in a transaction that is exempt, or to the extent exempt, from the state gross retail tax imposed by IC 6-2.5. SECTION 36. IC 6-9-25-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), a tax imposed under section 3 of this
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 (4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a plate does not include a container or packaging used to transport the food). (c) The municipal food and beverage tax does not apply to the furnishing, preparing, or serving of any food or beverage in a transaction that is exempt, or to the extent exempt, from the state gross retail tax imposed by IC 6-2.5. SECTION 36. IC 6-9-25-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), a tax imposed under section 3 of this chapter applies to any transaction in which food or beverage is
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 (4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a plate does not include a container or packaging used to transport the food). (c) The municipal food and beverage tax does not apply to the furnishing, preparing, or serving of any food or beverage in a transaction that is exempt, or to the extent exempt, from the state gross retail tax imposed by IC 6-2.5. SECTION 36. IC 6-9-25-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), a tax imposed under section 3 of this chapter applies to any transaction in which food or beverage is furnished, prepared, or served:



42

(3) by a retail merchant for consideration.

1	(b) Transactions described in subsection (a)(1) include transactions
2	in which food or beverage is:
3	(1) served by a retail merchant off the merchant's premises;
4	(2) sold by a retail merchant who ordinarily bags, wraps, or
5	packages the food or beverage for immediate consumption on or
6	near the retail merchant's premises, including food or beverage
7	sold on a "take out" or "to go" basis; or
8	(3) sold by a street vendor.
9	(2) food sold in a heated state or heated by a retail merchant;
10	(3) two (2) or more food ingredients mixed or combined by a
11	retail merchant for sale as a single item (other than food that
12	is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs,
13	fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal
14	foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by
15	the federal Food and Drug Administration in chapter 3,
16	subpart 3-401.11 of its Food Code so as to prevent food borne
17	illnesses); or
18	(4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail
19	merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses,
20	cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a
21	plate does not include a container or packaging used to
22	transport the food).
23	(c) The county food and beverage tax does not apply to the
24	furnishing, preparing, or serving of any food or beverage in a
25	transaction that is exempt, or to the extent exempt, from the state gross
26	retail tax imposed by IC 6-2.5.
27	SECTION 37. IC 6-9-26-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
28	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 7. Transactions
29	described in section 6(1) of this chapter include transactions in which
30	food or beverage is:
31	(1) served by a retail merchant off the merchant's premises;
32	(2) sold by a retail merchant who ordinarily bags, wraps, or
33	packages the food or beverage for immediate consumption on or
34	near the retail merchant's premises, including food or beverage
35	sold on a "take out" or "to go" basis; or
36	(3) sold by a street vendor.
37	(2) food sold in a heated state or heated by a retail merchant;
38	(3) two (2) or more food ingredients mixed or combined by a
39	retail merchant for sale as a single item (other than food that
40	is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs,
41	fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal
42	foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by



1 2	the federal Food and Drug Administration in chapter 3, subpart 3-401.11 of its Food Code so as to prevent food borne
3	illnesses); or
4	(4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail
5	merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses,
6	cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a
7	plate does not include a container or packaging used to
8	transport the food).
9	SECTION 38. IC 6-9-27-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as
11	provided in subsection (c), a tax imposed under section 3 of this
12	chapter applies to a transaction in which food or beverage is furnished,
13	prepared, or served:
14	(1) for consumption at a location or on equipment provided by a
15	retail merchant;
16	(2) in the town in which the tax is imposed; and
17	(3) by a retail merchant for consideration.
18	(b) Transactions described in subsection (a)(1) include transactions
19	in which food or beverage is:
20	(1) served by a retail merchant off the merchant's premises;
21	(2) sold by a retail merchant that ordinarily bags, wraps, or
22	packages the food or beverage for immediate consumption on or
23	near the retail merchant's premises, including food or beverage
24	sold on a "take out" or "to go" basis; or
25	(3) sold by a street vendor.
26	(2) food sold in a heated state or heated by a retail merchant;
27	(3) two (2) or more food ingredients mixed or combined by a
28	retail merchant for sale as a single item (other than food that
29	is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs,
30	fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal
31	foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by
32	the federal Food and Drug Administration in chapter 3,
33	subpart 3-401.11 of its Food Code so as to prevent food borne
34	illnesses); or
35	(4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail
36	merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses,
37	cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a
38	plate does not include a container or packaging used to
39	transport the food).
40	(c) The town food and beverage tax does not apply to the furnishing,
41	preparing, or serving of a food or beverage in a transaction that is

exempt, or to the extent the transaction is exempt, from the state gross



1	retail tax imposed by IC 6-2.5.
2	SECTION 39. IC 6-9-33-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.8-2000, SECTION
3	3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY
4	1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), a tax
5	imposed under section 3 of this chapter applies to any transaction in
6	which food or beverage is furnished, prepared, or served:
7	(1) for consumption at a location, or on equipment, provided by
8	a retail merchant;
9	(2) in the county in which the tax is imposed; and
10	(3) by a retail merchant for consideration.
11	(b) Transactions described in subsection (a)(1) include transactions
12	in which food or beverage is:
13	(1) served by a retail merchant off the merchant's premises;
14	(2) sold by a retail merchant who ordinarily bags, wraps, or
15	packages the food or beverage for immediate consumption on or
16	near the retail merchant's premises, including food or beverage
17	sold on a "take out" or "to go" basis; or
18	(3) sold by a street vendor.
19	(2) food sold in a heated state or heated by a retail merchant;
20	(3) two (2) or more food ingredients mixed or combined by a
21	retail merchant for sale as a single item (other than food that
22	is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs,
23	fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal
24	foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by
25	the federal Food and Drug Administration in chapter 3,
26	subpart 3-401.11 of its Food Code so as to prevent food borne
27	illnesses); or
28	(4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail
29	merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses,
30	cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a
31	plate does not include a container or packaging used to
32	transport the food).
33	(c) The county supplemental food and beverage tax does not apply
34	to the furnishing, preparing, or serving of any food or beverage in a
35	transaction that is exempt, or to the extent exempt, from the state gross
36	retail tax imposed by IC 6-2.5.
37	SECTION 40. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) The
38	department of state revenue shall adopt the initial rules and
39	prescribe the initial forms to implement this act before December
40	1, 2004. The department of state revenue may adopt the initial
41	rules required under this SECTION in the same manner that

emergency rules are adopted under IC 4-22-2-37.1. A rule adopted



1	under this SECTION expires on the earlier of the following:
2	(1) The date that the rule is superseded, amended, or repealed
3	by a permanent rule adopted under IC 4-22-2 or another rule
4	adopted under this SECTION.
5	(2) July 1, 2005.
6	(b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2005.
7	SECTION 41. An amargancy is declared for this act

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COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was referred House Bill 1815, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 12, line 2, after "(11)" insert "(4)".

Page 12, line 2, reset in roman "food sold through a vending machine".

Page 12, line 2, after "machine" insert ";".

Page 12, line 3, delete "(4)" and insert "(5)".

Page 12, line 4, delete "(5)" and insert "(6)".

Page 12, line 12, delete "(6)" and insert "(7)".

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1815 as introduced.)

CRAWFORD, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 23, nays 0.

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